





## TAMIMI GROUP

- TAMIMI GROUP was established in 1953, by the late founder Chairman, Sheikh Ali A. Tamimi, to carry out Pipeline Construction, General Construction and related works.
- In 1986 the Group reorganized







## Tamimi Group Activities

#### Pipeline & Electro-Mechanical Construction

- ◆ Power Generation Manufacturing
- ◆ Thrust boring Construction
- ◆ Technical and Logistical Support Services
- **♦** Transportation
- ◆ Electrical Transmission Line Construction
- ◆ Catering & Life Support Services
- ◆ Corrosion Inhibition
- ◆ Operations & Maintenance
- ◆ Tape Manufacturing
- **♦** Supermarkets
- ♦ Hotel Operations
- ◆ Real Estate
- ◆ Integrated Unified Instrumentation & Safety Control Systems
- ◆ Commercial and Industrial Trading ◆ Oilfield Chemicals Blending & Supply
- ◆ Chemical and Oilfield Chemicals Manufacturing





## TAMIMI GROUP



















































Inergy Equipment Rental Co.Ltd.





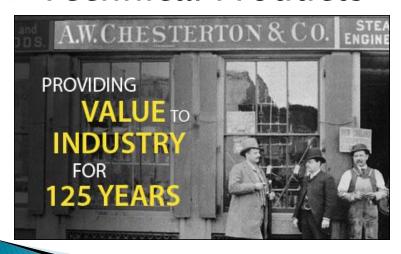






## A.W. Chesterton Company

- ARC Composite Technology
- Mechanical Seals
- Mechanical Packing & Gasketing
- Hydraulic/Pneumatic Seals
- Technical Products







## **Technical Capabilities**



Physical/Chemical Test



Physical/Chemical Test



Corrosion Test Laboratory



Corrosion Test Laboratory





### Desirable Properties of a Coating

- Adhesion
- · Chemical Resistance
- · Water Resistance
  - Low Moisture Absorption
  - · Low Moisture Vapor Transmission
- · Surface tolerant
- Easy to apply
- Elongation to resist cracking
- Impact Resistance
- Abrasion Resistance
- Temperature Resistance
- Dielectric Strength





## High Performance Coatings Film Formation – Curing Characteristics

- \* Solvent evaporation Lacquers
- \* Change of phase Thermoplastic
- \* Oxidation Alkyds
- \* Crosslinking Polymerization Epoxies
- \* Heat condensing Phenolics
- \* Inorganic

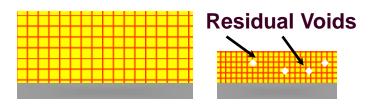




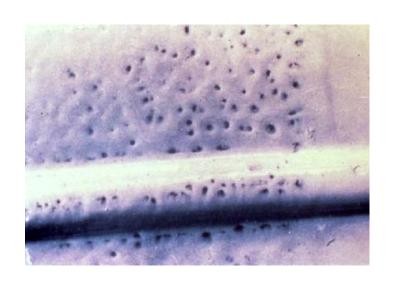
## Solvent Based Coatings

#### Solvent Containing Barrier Coatings

- Requires active solvents, latent solvents, and diluents.
- As solvent evaporates thermoplastic resin molecules are drawn together. Co-reactive systems require two stage cure
- Films will be plasticized if solvent does not evaporate
- When solvent evaporates volume of film shrinks and stresses are created.
- Voids created by solvent evaporation increase film porosity.



Effective cure shrinkage with 50% solids film





# Desired Characteristics of Composite Coatings

- Good Mechanical Properties
  - Adhesion
  - Flexible
- High Permeation Resistance (Low WVT)
  - Long-term protection against penetration
- Functional Reinforcements
  - Ceramic and mineral reinforcements chemically bonded with coupling agents for maximum bonding
- Chemical Resistant Matrix
  - Multi-functional resins systems yield high molecular weight films





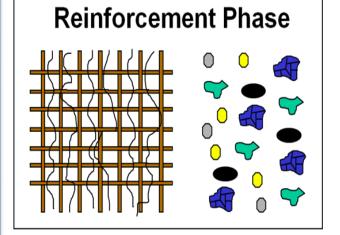
## Surface Composite Technology

- · Consistent, High Performance Requires
- Chemistry of Matrix
  - 100% solids
  - No Diluents
- Reinforcement
  - Type
  - · Size, Shape, Surface Profile
  - Surface Treatment
- Manufacturing
  - High Shear
  - Vacuum





**COMPOSITE: A Substance Made of Two** or More **Materials in** Separate **Phases** 



**Matrix Phase** 

## Reinforcements Particles

#### **Fibers**

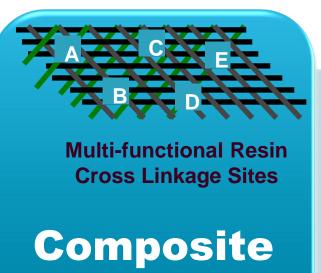
- Aramid
- Graphite
- Glass
- Nylon

- Ceramic
- Mineral
- Metals
- Quartz

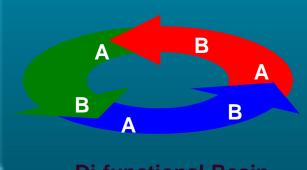
#### **Polymers**

- Epoxy
- Phenolic
- Polyester





## Composite Chemistry Technology



Di-functional Resin Cross Linkage Sites

- There are di-functional and multi-functional resins and curing agents
  - Functionality defines available sites for cross linking during polymerization.
- The higher the functionality and cross link density the more resistance to stress: (mechanical, thermal, chemical).





### High Performance Coatings Technology



Goal is to Get 100% Contact with the Surface



Real World is That a Film Break Will Eventually Occur

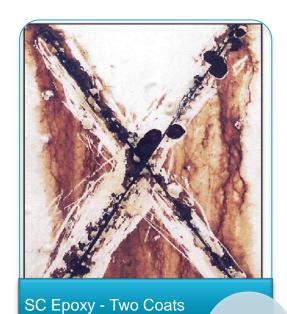
No Underfilm Corrosion



High tensile adhesion sufficient to overcome underfilm corrosion preventing delamination



## Scored Salt Fog Panels (3000 hrs.)



(56% solids by volume)





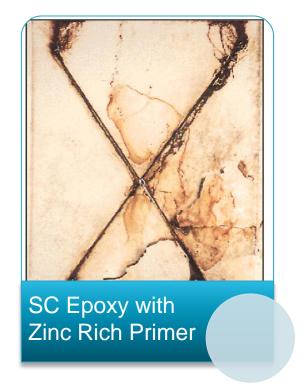




## Scored Salt Fog Panels (6000 hrs.)







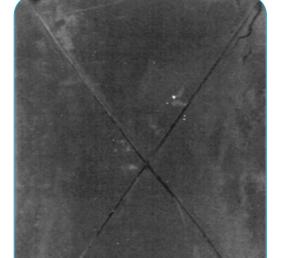




## Scored Salt Fog Panels **ARC Composites**



10,000 hrs.



ARC® S1 One

(100% solids)

Coat



17,000 hrs.

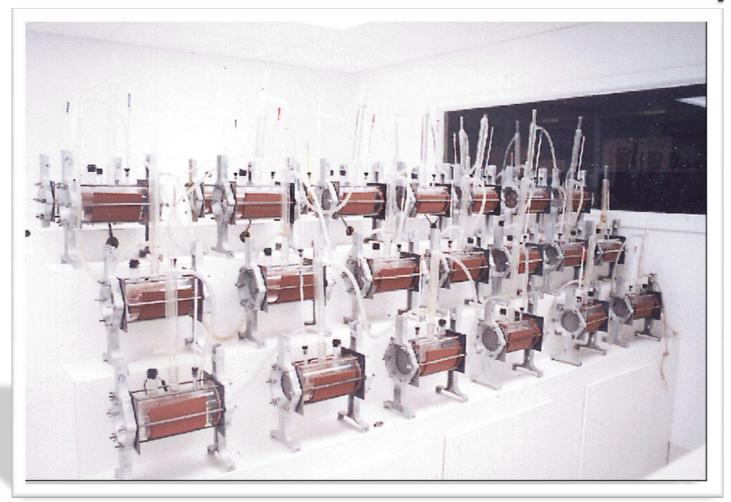


No Underfilm Corrosion , only surface stains.





## Corrocells in Corrosion Laboratory



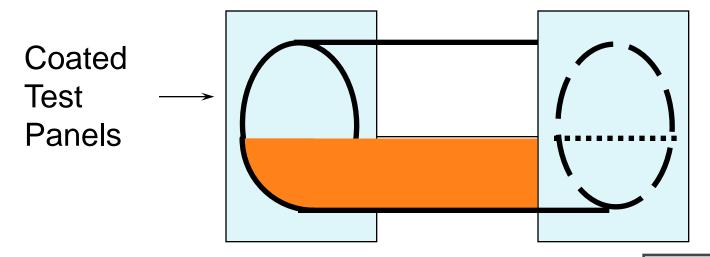
ASTM C 868 Chemical Resistance of Protective Linings





## **Corrocell Test**

#### Tests Material's Resistance to Both Liquid and Vapor



#### Can Control and Test Variables:

- 1. Temperature
- 2. "Cold Wall Effect"
- 3. Chemical

Meets:

**ASTM D 4398** 

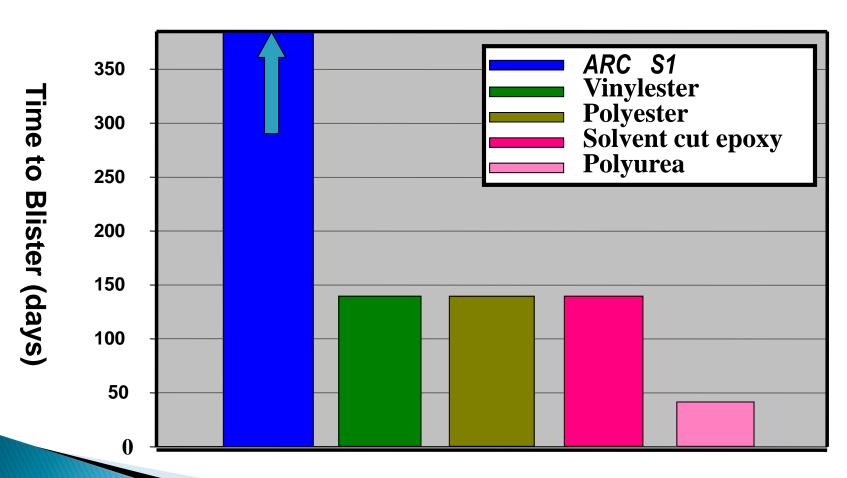
NACE TM-01-74

ANSI/ASTM C 868





## Corrocell Test Results 10% H2SO4 at 50°C (122°F)







## Reinforcements Define Function

#### Fiber Reinforced

#### "Structural Composites"

- •Goal Improve Physical Properties
  - Strength and Stiffness
  - Reduces Stress Cracking
  - Light Weight
- Poor Resistance to Permeation

#### Particle Reinforced

#### "Surface Composites"

- •Goal Improve Surface Performance
  - Abrasion
  - Corrosion/Erosion
  - · Chemical Attack
- · Limited Structural Benefits





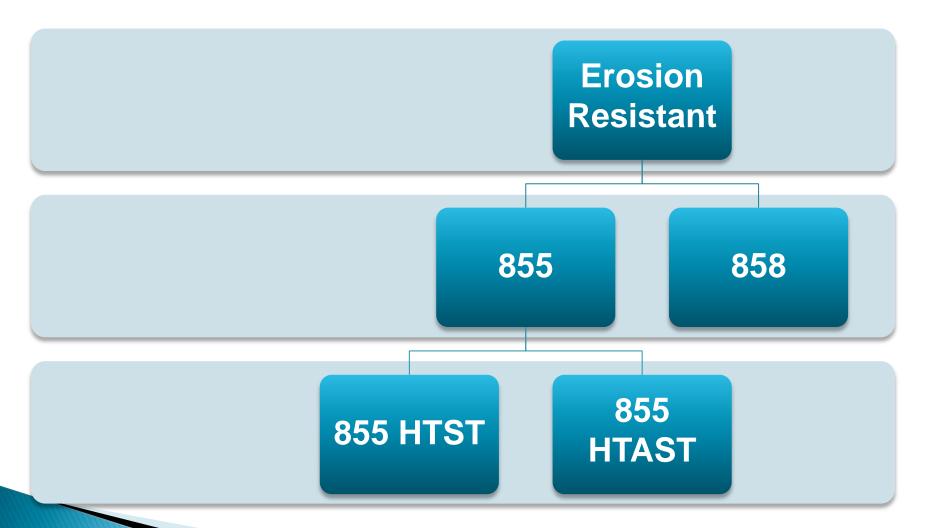
## **Emergency Repair and Rebuilding**







## Flow Induced Corrosion







# How do Coatings Impact Efficiency & Reliability







## How do Coatings Optimize a Pump?

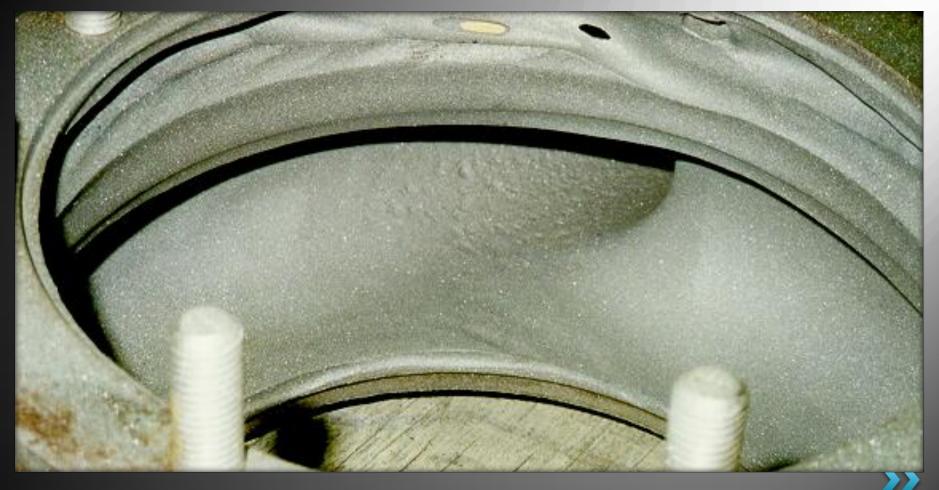
#### Reliability Improvement

- Corrosion Reduction
  - The polymer content of the coating provides both corrosion protection as well as decreases the surface roughness of the wet-end material.
- Wear Reduction
  - The reinforcement system utilized in coatings enhances the overall wear resistance of the wet-end components maintaining tolerances longer and reducing the "wear eddies".

#### Energy Efficiency

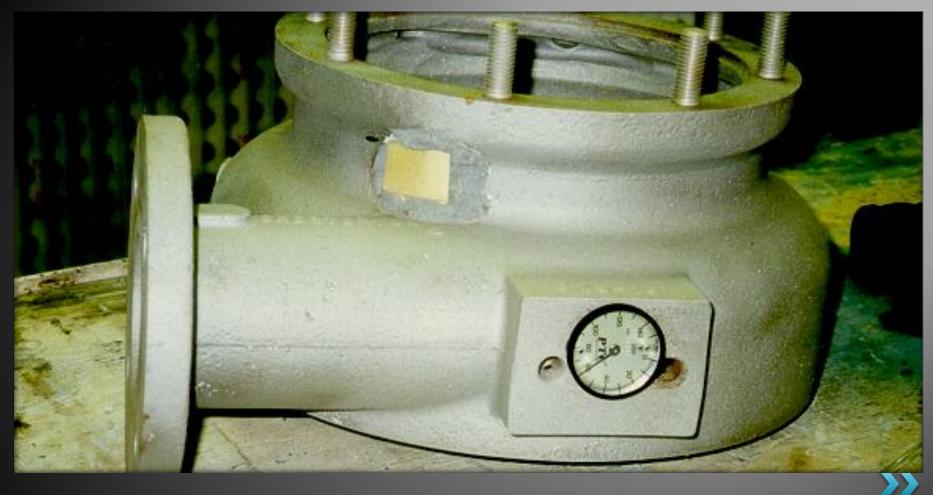
- Friction Reduction
  - The polymer coating when brushed or spray applied will significantly reduce surface roughness which directly impacts the amount of energy transferred to the fluid by the impeller.
  - Surface Energy of Coating is significantly less than that of the base metal.





Severe abrasion wears a hole in the pump casing after just 4 months of operation.





ARC 5ES is applied to the outside of the hole as an emergency repair. After abrasive blasting the ARC 5ES patch is still adhered to the surface.







Sewage Pump rebuilt with ARC composites.





## Cleeve Pumping Station Thames Water

#### Problem

4 Pumps, supplying Drinking Water to the Oxford area, were all running continuously to meet the demand. Test showed that since installed the average performance of these pumps was down by 10% and some were no longer capable of pumping at their duty point. Energy efficiency was also down by an average of 8%.

#### Solution

- An uninstalled spare pump was dismantled and inspected. All tolerances were still within manufacturers limits, but the inside surfaces were corroded.
- All wetted areas were rebuilt, where worn, using ARC 858 and finished with ARC S2. The spare was then exchanged for a running pump and the procedure repeated.

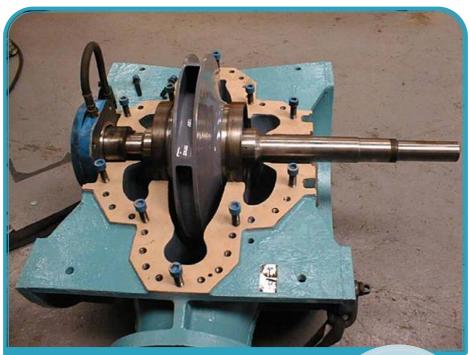
#### Results and Savings

- All the pumps are now running in the middle of the Duty Point. Efficiency has now risen to an average of 104% of as new. Power consumption has dropped by an average of 9% giving a saving in electrical consumption in excess of £20,000 per annum.
- The return on investment for this work was 9 months





## Vertical Split Case Water Pump



2 Coats of **ARC 855**Composite applied to both the impeller and casing

Result - 9% energy reduction.





## Cooling Water Pump Impellor

Petrobras - Brazil

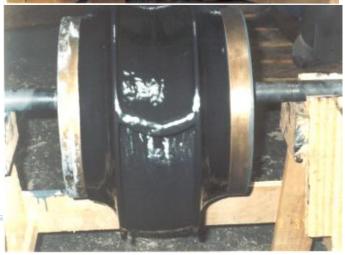
Corroded and eroded 3 year old bronze service water pump impellor.

Replacement of impellor was \$11,500.00

ARC Composite repair cost \$1,500.00.

Impellor in service for 2 years with no sign of failure

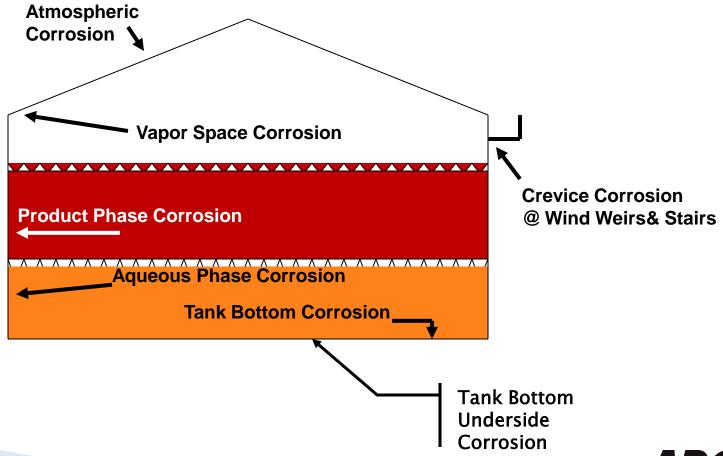








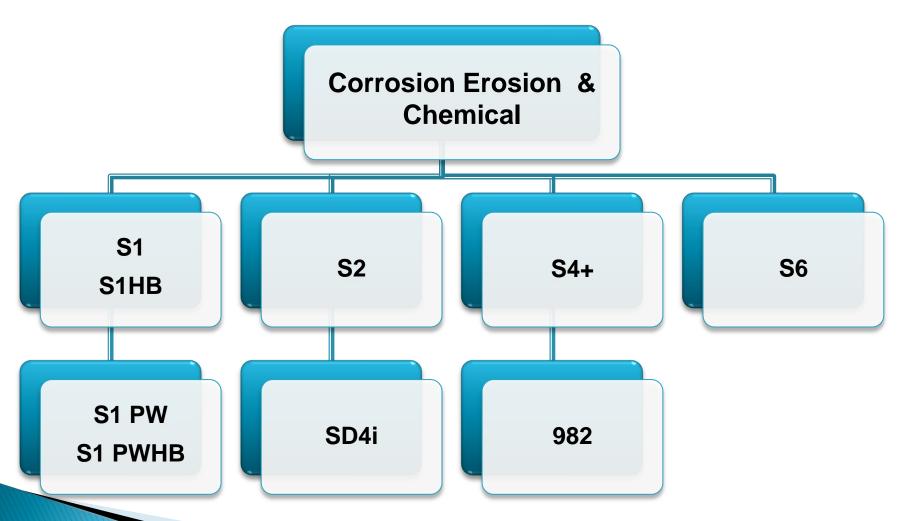
## AST Tank Lining - Why Coat?





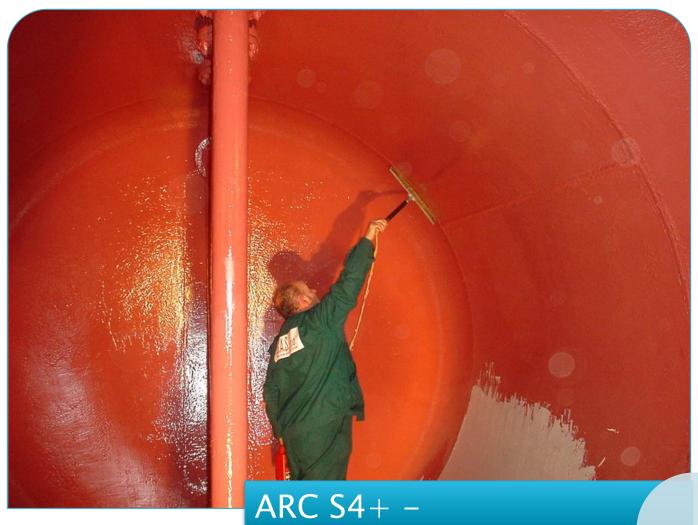


## Aggressive Chemical and Corrosives





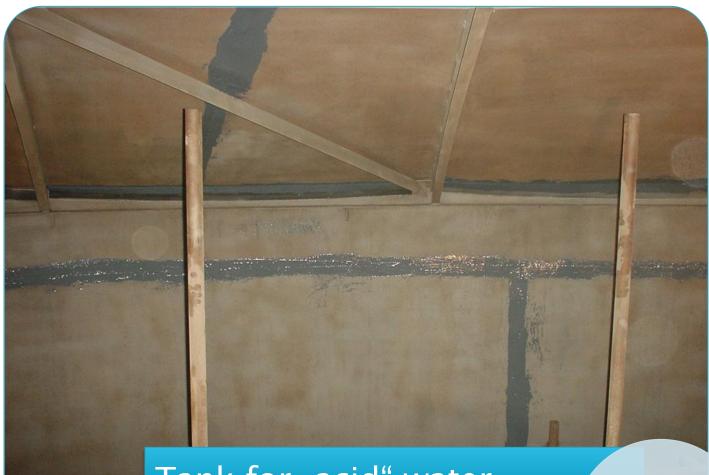




ARC S4+ - Neutralization tank







Tank for "acid" water – ARC 858 applied to all weld seams







ARC S4+ Acid Water





### **CPI Industry Product Selection**



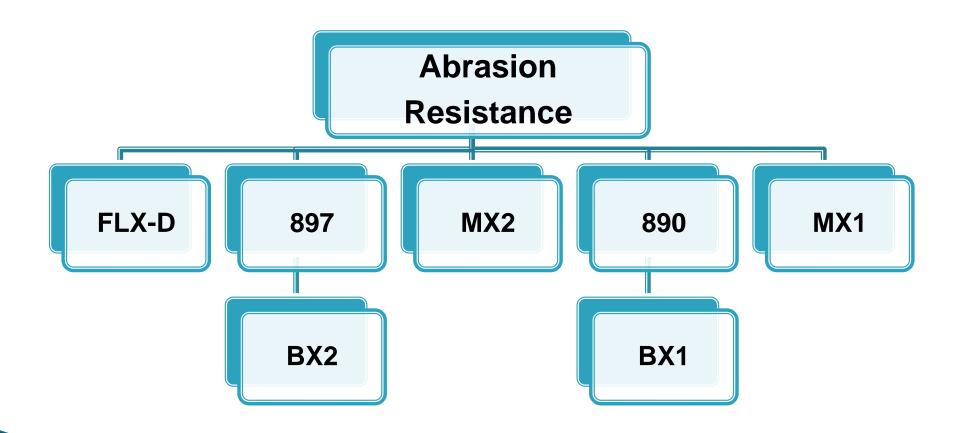
ARC 858/S2

ARC 791V/S1





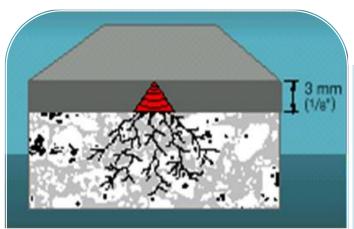
# High Impact and Sliding Abrasion

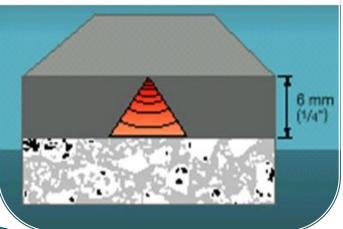






#### IDEAL PROPERTIES OF A FLOORING SYSTEMS





- · High Adhesion to Damp Surfaces
- Chemically Compatible with the Intended Service
- · Monolithic No Seams, No Joints
- Matched to Thermal Expansion of Concrete
- No Shrinkage
- Nonporous
- · Easy to Install
- · Resistant to Impact and Cracking
- Minimum 6mm (1/4") Thick





# **Primary Coating Properties**

#### Adhesion:

> 2,75 MPa (400 psi – 28 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>)

**TIP**: All concrete coatings should have at least 400 psi tensile adhesion strength (28 kg/cm2)

#### Alkali Resistant:

Due to concrete alkalinity, the coating must not be affected

#### **Permeation Resistance:**

- Lowest possible water vapor transmission (WVT) rate (grams of water/M2/hour)
   Flexibility:
- Desirable for coatings to have maximum flexibility
   Coefficient of Linear Thermal Expansion:
- Concrete is 9-11 x 10-6/C° (5-6 x 10-6/F°). Select as close as possible for varying thermal conditions

#### **Chemical Resistance:**

- Maximum functionality and cross link density yields best capability
   Physical Strength:
- Impact, abrasion, resistance to flexural strains and compressive loads
   Thermal Resistance:
- Maximum functionality and cross link density yields best capability
   Moisture Tolerance:
- Ability to bond and cure on moist surfaces



### **Grades of Floor Coatings**

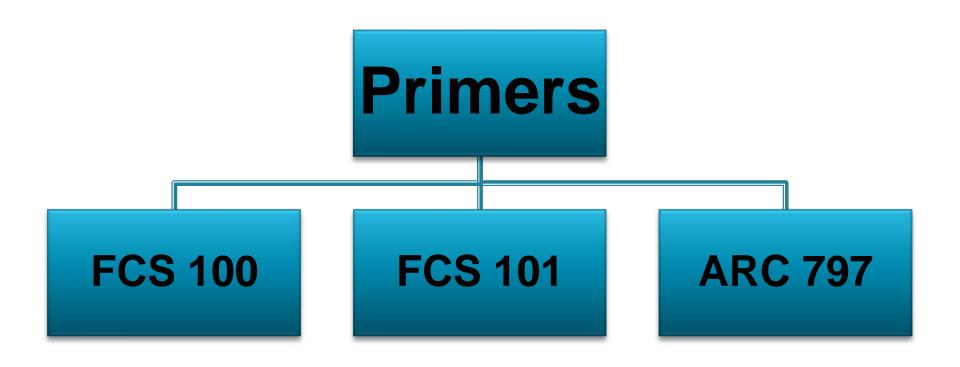


Application	Film Thickness	Purpose
Sealers	25–100 microns (1–4 mils)	<ul> <li>Penetrating low viscosity system</li> <li>Prevent/decrease penetration of media</li> <li>Example – Keep oil off floor</li> </ul>
Thin Film	< 500 microns (20 mils)	<ul> <li>Film forming systems</li> <li>Applied by roller, spray or brush</li> <li>Chemical barrier film</li> <li>Aesthetic</li> </ul>
Thick Film	> 500 microns (> 20 mils)	<ul> <li>Film forming systems</li> <li>Applied by roller, spray or brush</li> <li>Chemical barrier film</li> <li>Aesthetic</li> </ul>
High Build	0,5 - 6+mm (20-250+ mils)	<ul><li>High Build</li><li>Heavily reinforced</li><li>Trowel applied</li><li>Traffic capable coatings</li></ul>





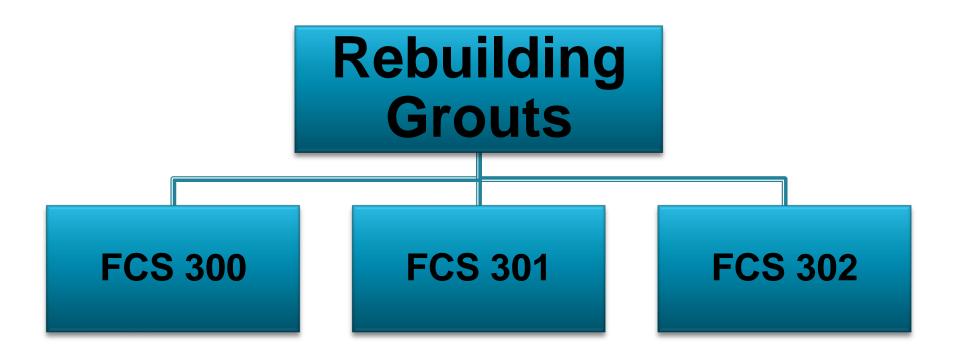
#### Moisture Sealing & Adhesion Promotion







#### Grouts for Patching, Pitching and Forming







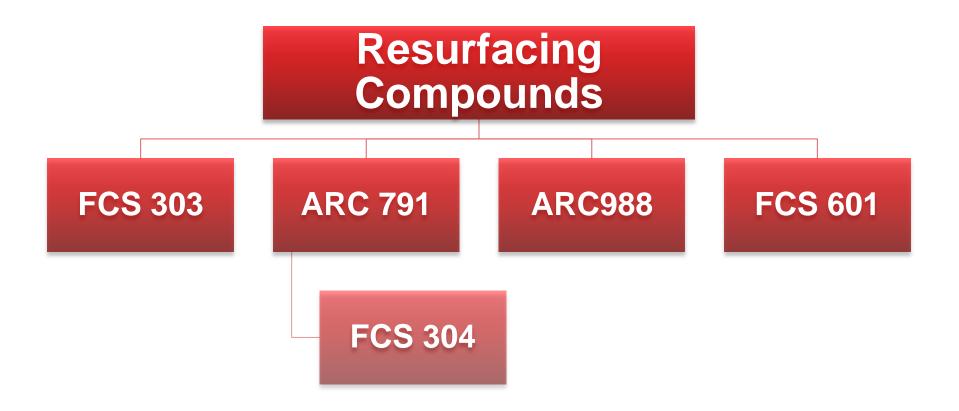
### **Composites for Chemical Protection**







# Resurfacing Composites for Mechanical and Chemical





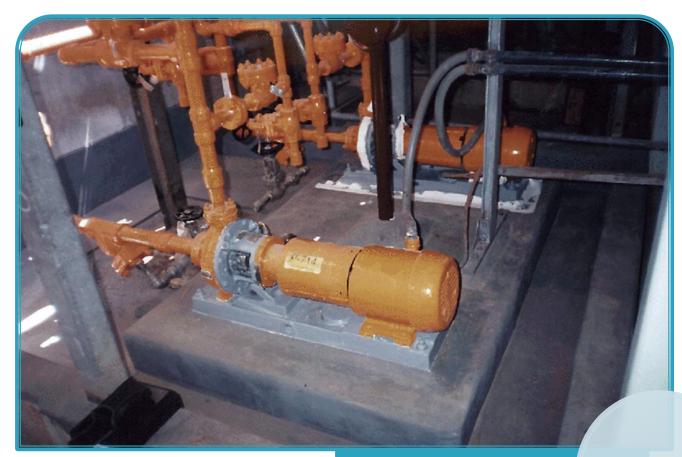




ARC CS2 Ensures Positive Containment in Case of Jet Fuel Leaks or Spills







98% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> Pump Base & Sump







ARC 791







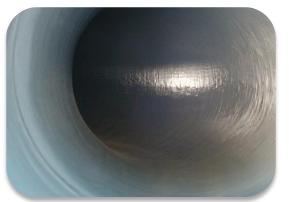
ENBBI, SAFANIYA WATER DISPSAL SYSTEM UPGRADE



Surface protective coating against Erosion& Corrosion Pipes for Sea Water







ENBBI, SAFANIYA WATER DISPSAL SYSTEM UPGRADE.





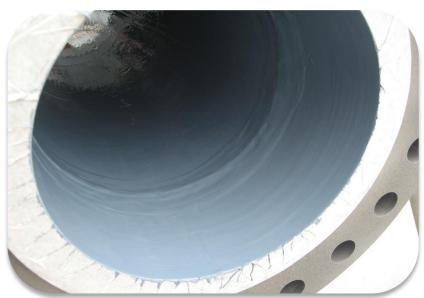




MUBARAZ, Saudi Aramco



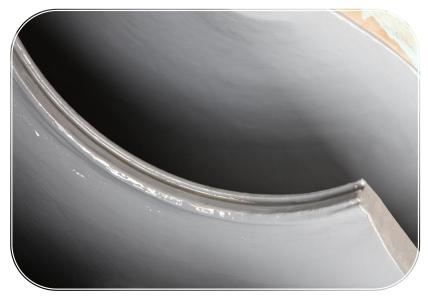




**MMG SHOP** 







**PETROCHMIA** 







## SECEO PP9







AL ZAMIL VALVE







Drum filter ,GOSP II SAUDI ARAMCO





### UDALLIYAH LUNCHER, SAUDI ARAMCO





